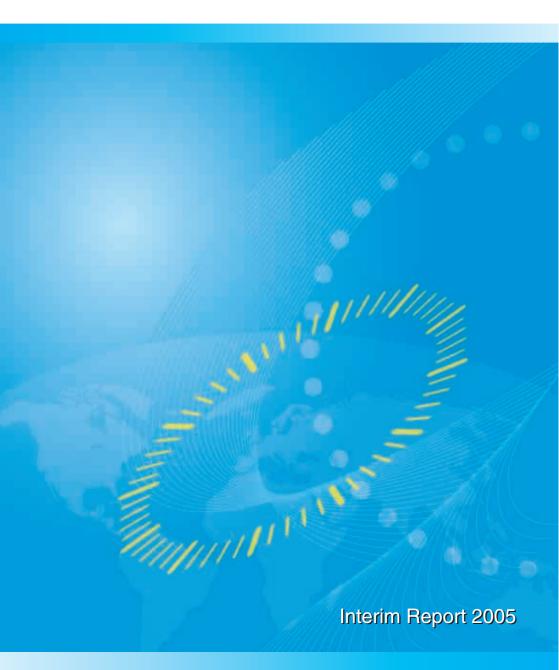


ARTFIELD GROUP LIMITED (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)



INTERIM RESULTS

The board of directors (the "Board") of Artfield Group Limited (the "Company") would like to announce the unaudited condensed consolidated interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the six months ended 30 September 2005 as follows:

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

		Six months ended 30 September				
		2005	2004			
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)			
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
Turnover Cost of goods sold and services	5	124,526	129,364			
provided		(93,796)	(97,266)			
Gross profit		30,730	32,098			
Other operating income		1,785	1,813			
Selling and distribution costs		(6,850)	(6, 193)			
Administrative expenses		(23,115)	(22,458)			
Other operating expenses		(317)	(1,547)			
Finance costs	6	(1,180)	(1,708)			
Share of results of associates			2			
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	7	1,053	2,007			
Taxation	8	(54)	(193)			
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		999	1,814			
Attributable to:						
Shareholders of the parent		664	1,548			
Minority interests		335	266			
		999	1,814			
EARNINGS PER SHARE	9					
Basic (HK cent)	3	0.25	0.60			
Diluted (HK cent)		N/A	0.58			

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

		As at 30 September 2005 (Unaudited)	As at 31 March 2005 (Audited) (Restated)
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	10	61,243	66,993
Investment properties Lease prepayment on land use		4,880	_
rights		9,059	9,005
Intangible assets		25	39
Goodwill		17,004	17,004
Interests in associates		29,948	18,526
Deferred tax assets		135	135
		122,294	111,702
Current assets			
Inventories		99,567	95,634
Trade and bills receivables	11	54,554	52,897
Prepayment, deposits and			
other receivables		7,235	7,409
Other investments		_	2,311
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss		0.211	
Bank balances and cash		2,311 8,766	7,632
Sam Salanoos and Sasin		172,433	165,883

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

Current liabilities 12 33,366 31,427 Other payables and accruals 14,455 12,479 Taxation 191 993 Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings 30,489 25,311 Obligations under finance leases 407 606 Ieases 407 606 78,908 70,816 Net current assets 93,525 95,067 Total assets less current liabilities 215,819 206,769 Non-current liabilities 1nterest-bearing bank and other borrowings 801 6,112 Obligations under finance leases 223 363 Deferred tax liabilities 4,822 4,822 5,846 11,297 209,973 195,472 Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves 26,248 26,248 Share capital Reserves 176,426 162,260 Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent Alphanetric Shareh		Notes	As at 30 September 2005 (Unaudited)	As at 31 March 2005 (Audited) (Restated) HK\$'000
other borrowings 30,489 25,311 Obligations under finance leases 407 606 78,908 70,816 Net current assets 93,525 95,067 Total assets less current liabilities 215,819 206,769 Non-current liabilities 801 6,112 Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings 801 6,112 Obligations under finance leases 223 363 Deferred tax liabilities 4,822 4,822 5,846 11,297 209,973 195,472 Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves 26,248 26,248 Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent Minority interests 202,674 188,508 Minority interests 7,299 6,964	Trade payables Other payables and accruals Taxation	12	14,455	12,479
78,908 70,816	other borrowings Obligations under finance			
Net current assets 93,525 95,067 Total assets less current liabilities 215,819 206,769 Non-current liabilities 801 6,112 Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings 801 6,112 Obligations under finance leases 223 363 Deferred tax liabilities 4,822 4,822 5,846 11,297 209,973 195,472 Capital and reserves 26,248 26,248 26,248 Share capital Reserves 26,248 162,260 162,260 Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent Minority interests 202,674 188,508 Minority interests 7,299 6,964	leases			
Total assets less current liabilities 215,819 206,769 Non-current liabilities Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings 801 6,112 Obligations under finance leases 223 363 Deferred tax liabilities 4,822 4,822 5,846 11,297 209,973 195,472 Capital and reserves 26,248 26,248 26,248 Reserves 176,426 162,260 Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent 202,674 188,508 Minority interests 7,299 6,964			78,908	70,816
Iiabilities 215,819 206,769 Non-current liabilities Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings 801 6,112 Obligations under finance leases 223 363 Deferred tax liabilities 4,822 4,822 5,846 11,297 209,973 195,472 Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves 26,248 26,248 Reserves 176,426 162,260 Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent Minority interests 202,674 188,508 Minority interests 7,299 6,964	Net current assets		93,525	95,067
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings			215,819	206,769
Leases 223 363 363 363 364 365 3	Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings		801	6,112
Deferred tax liabilities	3		223	363
Capital and reserves 26,248 26,248 Share capital 26,248 26,248 Reserves 176,426 162,260 Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent 202,674 188,508 Minority interests 7,299 6,964				
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent Minority interests Capital and reserves 26,248 26,248 176,426 162,260 202,674 188,508 6,964			5,846	11,297
Share capital 26,248 26,248 Reserves 176,426 162,260 Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent Minority interests 202,674 188,508 Minority interests 7,299 6,964			209,973	195,472
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent 202,674 188,508 Minority interests 7,299 6,964	Share capital			
	Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent			
Total equity 209,973 195,472	Minority interests		7,299	6,964
	Total equity		209,973	195,472

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN **EQUITY**

	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Property revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Capital reserve	Reserve and enterprise expansion funds HK\$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent HK\$'000	Minority interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1 April 2005										
 As originally stated Derecognition of revaluation reserve on land use 	26,248	40,481	21,754	42,603	9,116	(420)	54,673	194,455	6,964	201,419
rights Reversal of accumulated depreciation on	_	-	(8,732)	-	_	_	-	(8,732)	-	(8,732)
revaluation surplus on land use rights	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,785	2,785	-	2,785
Release of negative goodwill previously recorded in interests in										
associates							11,452	11,452		11,452
— As restated	26,248	40,481	13,022	42,603	9,116	(420)	68,910	199,960	6,964	206,924
Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of operations outside Hong										
Kong	-	_	_	_	214	1,836	-	2,050	_	2,050
Net profit for the period							664	664	335	999
At 30 September 2005	26,248	40,481	13,022	42,603	9,330	1,416	69,574	202,674	7,299	209,973
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Property revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Reserve and enterprise expansion funds HK\$'000	Exchange fluctuation reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent HK\$'000	Minority interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1 April 2004	24,054	25,123	22,710	42,516	9,116	1,434	56,184	181,137	6,623	187,760
Share issued	2,194	15,358	_	_	_	_	_	17,552	_	17,552
Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of operations outside Hong Kong	_	_	_	_	_	6	_	6	_	6
Net profit for the period							1,548	1,548	266	1,814
At 30 September 2004	26,248	40,481	22,710	42,516	9,116	1,440	57,732	200,243	6,889	207,132

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	Six months end	led 30 September
	2005	2004
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Net cash from operating activities	3,236	11,391
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,899)	(4,552)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,519)	(6,222)
(Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash		
equivalents	(182)	617
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning		
of period	1,043	(975)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of		
period	861	(358)
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents		
Bank balances and cash	8,766	9,029
Bank overdrafts	(7,905)	(9,387)
	861	(358)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the Hong Kong Accounting Standard 34 "Interim financial reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

2. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The condensed financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments and leasehold land and buildings, which are measured at fair values.

The accounting policies used in the condensed financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2005 except as described below.

In the current period, the Group has applied, for the first time, a number of new Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as "new HKFRSs") issued by HKICPA that are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005. The application of the new HKFRSs has resulted in a change in the presentation of the income statement, balance sheet and the statement of changes in equity. In particular, the presentation of minority interests and share of tax of associates has been changed. The changes in presentation have been applied retrospectively. The adoption of the new HKFRSs has resulted in changes to the Group's accounting policies in the following areas that have an effect on how the results for the current or prior accounting periods are prepared and presented:

Business combinations

In the current period, the Group has applied HKFRS 3 "Business combinations" which is effective for business combinations for which the agreement date is on or after 1 January 2005. The principal effects of the application of HKFRS 3 to the Group are summarised below:

Goodwill

In previous periods, goodwill arising on acquisitions was capitalised and amortised over its estimated useful life. With respect to goodwill previously capitalised on the balance sheet, the Group has discontinued amortising such goodwill from 1 April 2005 onwards and goodwill will be tested for impairment at least annually and in the financial year in which the acquisition takes place. Goodwill arising on acquisitions after 1 April 2005 is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses (if any) after initial recognition. As a result of this change in accounting policy, no amortisation of goodwill has been charged in the current period. Comparative figures for 2004 have not been restated.

Excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost (previously known as "negative goodwill")

In accordance with HKFRS 3, any excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition ("discount on acquisition") is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the acquisition takes place. In previous periods, negative goodwill arising on acquisitions was presented as a deduction from assets and released to income based on an analysis of the circumstances from which the balance resulted. In accordance with the relevant transitional provisions in HKFRS 3, the Group has derecognised the negative goodwill at 1 April 2005 of HK\$11,452,000, which was previously recorded in interests in associates with a corresponding increase to retained profits.

Financial instruments

In the current period, the Group has applied HKAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation" and HKAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". HKAS 32 requires retrospective application. HKAS 39, which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005, generally does not permit the recognition, derecognition or measurement of financial assets and liabilities on a retrospective basis. The principal effects resulting from the implementation of HKAS 32 and HKAS 39 are summarised below:

Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group has applied the relevant transitional provisions in HKAS 39 with respect to classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities that are within the scope of HKAS 39.

At 31 March 2005, the Group classified and measured its debt and equity securities in accordance with the benchmark treatment of Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 24 ("SSAP 24"). Under SSAP 24, investments in debt or equity securities are classified as "investment securities", "other investments" or "held-to-maturity investments" as appropriate. "Investment securities" are carried at cost less impairment losses (if any) while "other investments" are measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses included in the profit or loss. Held-tomaturity investments are carried at amortised cost less impairment losses (if any). From 1 April 2005 onwards, the Group classifies and measures its debt and equity securities in accordance with HKAS 39. Under HKAS 39, financial assets are classified as "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "available-for-sale financial assets", "loans and receivables", or "held-tomaturity financial assets". The classification depends on the purpose for which the assets are acquired. "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" and "available-for-sale financial assets" are carried at fair value, with changes in fair values recognised in profit or loss and equity respectively. For "available-for-sale financial assets" that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, it will be measured at cost less impairment, if any. "Loans and receivables" and "held-to-maturity financial assets" are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

On 1 April 2005, the Group classified and measured its equity securities in accordance with the requirements of HKAS 39. Other investments classified under current assets with carrying amount of HK\$2,311,000 at 31 March 2005 was reclassified to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss on 1 April 2005.

Financial assets and financial liabilities other than debt and equity securities

From 1 April 2005 onwards, the Group classifies and measures its financial assets and financial liabilities other than debt and equity securities (which were previously outside the scope of SSAP 24) in accordance with the requirements of HKAS 39. As mentioned above, financial assets under HKAS 39 are classified as "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "available-for-sale financial assets", "loans and receivables" or "held-to-maturity financial assets". Financial liabilities are generally classified as "financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss" or "financial liabilities other than financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (other financial liabilities)". "Other financial liabilities" are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Owner-occupied leasehold interest in land

In previous period, owner-occupied leasehold land and buildings were included in property, plant and equipment and measured using the revaluation model. In the current period, the Group has applied HKAS 17 "Leases". Under HKAS 17, the land and buildings elements of a lease of land and buildings are considered separately for the purposes of lease classification, unless the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, in which case. the entire lease is generally treated as a finance lease. To the extent that the allocation of the lease payments between the land and buildings elements can be made reliably, the leasehold interests in land are reclassified to lease prepayments on land use rights under operating leases, which are carried at cost and amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. This change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively (see note 3 for the financial impact). Alternatively, where the allocation between the land and buildings elements cannot be made reliably, the leasehold interests in land continue to be accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

Investment properties

In the current period, the Group has, for the first time, applied HKAS 40 "Investment Property". The Group has elected to use the cost model to account for its investment properties, under which investment properties are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (if any). In previous period, investment properties under the predecessor Standard were measured at open market values, with revaluation surplus or deficits credited or charged to investment property revaluation reserve unless the balance on this reserve was insufficient to cover a revaluation decrease, in which case the excess of the revaluation decrease over the balance on the investment property revaluation reserve was charged to the income statement. Where a decrease had previously been charged to the income statement and revaluation subsequently arose, that increase was credited to the income statement to the extent of the decrease previously charged.

3. SUMMARY OF THE EFFECTS OF THE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The effects of changes in the accounting policies described above on the results for the current and prior periods are as follows:

Six months end	led 30 September
2005	2004
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
498	_
(301)	_
197	_

Decrease in amortisation of goodwill Decrease in release of negative goodwill to income

Increase in profit for the period

The effects of changes in the accounting policies described above on the condensed consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2005 and 1 April 2005 are as follows:

	As at		As at		Effect of	As at
	31 March	Effect of	31 March	Effect of	HKAS 32	1 April
	2005	HKAS 17	2005	HKFRS 3	& 39	2005
	(Originally		(Restated)			(Restated)
	stated)					
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Property, plant and						
equipment	81,945	(14,952)	66,993	_	_	66,993
Lease prepayments on land						
use rights	_	9,005	9,005	_	_	9,005
Interests in associates	18,526	_	18,526	11,452	_	29,978
Other investments	2,311	_	2,311	_	(2,311)	_
Financial assets at fair						
value through profit						
and loss	_	_	_	_	2,311	2,311
Total effects on assets						
and liabilities	102,782	(5,947)	96,835	11,452		108,287
Property revaluation reserve	21,754	(8,732)	13,022		_	13,022
Retained profits	54,673	2,785	57,458	11,452		68,910
Effect on equity	76,427	(5,947)	70,480	11,452	_	81,932

POTENTIAL IMPACT ARISING ON THE NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Group has not early applied the following new HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these new HKFRSs will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group.

HKAS 1 Amendment	Capital Disclosures
HKAS 19 Amendment	Actuarial Gains and Losses, Group Plans and Disclosures
HKAS 39 Amendment	Cash Flow Hedge Accounting of Forecast Intragroup
HKAS 39 Amendment	The Fair Value Option
HKAS 39 and HKFRS 4 Amendment	Financial Guarantee Contracts
HKFRS 6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources
HKFRS 7	Financial Instruments Disclosures
HKFRS-INT 4	Determining whether an Arrangement contains a lease
HKFRS-INT 5	Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning,
	Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds
HK(IFRIC)-INT 6	Liabilities Arising from Participating in a Specific Market,
	Waste — Electrical and Electronic Equipment

TURNOVER AND SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

Turnover represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for returns and trade discounts, and income from the provision of electroplating services.

An analysis of the Group's turnover and result information by business segment for the six months ended 30 September 2005 is as follows:

Business segments

	Clocks other of relat produ	office ed	Lighting p		Trad	•	Electrop servi		(Unauc Consoli	
					nths ende					
	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
Segment revenue:										
Sales to external customers	88,938	84,445	9,337	10,682	16,987	26,577	9,264	7,660	124,526	129,364
Segment results	4,436	5,036	(677)	673	227	183	1,868	1,493	5,854	7,385
Interest income Unallocated income less									56	67
expenses									(3,677)	(3,739)
Finance costs Share of results of associates									(1,180)	(1,708)
Profit before taxation Taxation									1,053	2,007 (193)
Net profit for the period									999	1,814
Net profit for the period									333	1,014

6. FINANCE COSTS

Six months	ended	30 Se	ptember
------------	-------	-------	---------

2005	2004
(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
1,177	1,667
_	20
3	21
1,180	1,708

Interest on:

Bank loans and overdrafts
Other borrowings wholly repayable within five years
Finance leases

7. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

The Group's profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):

Six months ended 30 September

	2005	2004
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Cost of inventories sold	89,955	89,980
Cost of services provided	3,841	7,286
Staff costs	22,534	15,615
Depreciation	4,451	5,148
Amortisation of lease prepayment on land use rights	109	108
Amortisation of intangible assets	14	23
Amortisation of goodwill	_	486
Net rental income	(155)	(360)
Interest income	(56)	(67)

8. TAXATION

Six months end	led 30 September
2005	2004
(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
_	80
54	113
54	193

Hong Kong Profits Tax Tax in other jurisdictions

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 17.5% (2004: 17.5%) of the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the period.

Taxation for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

Pursuant to the laws and regulations in the PRC, certain Group's PRC subsidiaries are entitled to exemption from PRC income tax for two years commencing from their first profit-making year of operation and thereafter, these PRC subsidiaries will be entitled to a 50% relief from PRC income tax for the following three years.

9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the net profit for the period of HK\$664,000 (2004: HK\$1,548,000), and the weighted average number of 262,478,584 (2004: 260,088,870) ordinary shares in issue during the period.

There were no dilutive potential ordinary shares in issue during the current period and, accordingly, no diluted earning per share was presented.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the six months ended 30 September 2004 was based on the net profit for that period of HK\$1,548,000. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation was 260,088,870 ordinary shares in issue, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of 4,575,027 ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise of all share options outstanding during the six months ended 30 September 2004.

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the period, the Group spent approximately HK\$3,772,000 on acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

11. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

Trading terms with customers are largely on credit, except for new customers where payment in advance is normally required. Invoices are normally payable within 30 days of issuance, except for certain well-established customers, where the terms are extended to 180 days.

The ageing of the Group's trade and bills receivables, based on the date of goods delivered, is analysed as follows:

	As at	As at
	30 September	31 March
	2005	2005
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 90 days	30,260	24,224
Between 91 days to 365 days	20,454	28,236
Over 1 year	3,840	437
	54,554	52,897

12. TRADE PAYABLES

The ageing of the Group's trade payables, based on the date of goods received, is analysed as follows:

Ae at

	AS at	AS at
	30 September	31 March
	2005	2005
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within 90 days	21,012	20,620
Between 91 days to 365 days	10,737	8,371
Over 1 year	1,617	2,436
	33,366	31,427

Ac at

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Financial Review

The Group recorded a turnover of approximately HK\$124,526,000 for the six months ended 30 September 2005. It represents a small reduction of 3.7% or HK\$4,838,000 as compared with the same period last year of HK\$129,364,000 mainly due to decrease in sales turnover in metal trading and clock sales in the Germany market.

Despite a sharp increase in materials price during the period under review led to by the surging oil price and the increase in the value of the Renminbi which triggered a further escalation of production costs in terms of increased wages and indirect costs, the Group has nevertheless maintained a gross profit margin at a similar level as that of the previous corresponding period. The Group recorded a net profit of HK\$999,000 for the six months ended 30 September 2005, this result represents a reduction of HK\$815,000 as compared with the corresponding period in last year.

Business Review

The performance of each of the Group's businesses for the six months ended 30 September 2005 are set out below:

Clock and Other Office Related Products Business

The clock and other related products division recorded a turnover of HK\$88.9 million in the six months ended 30 September 2005, it represents an increase of HK\$4.5 million or 5.3% as compared with the same period last year.

The division's OEM business grew by over 20% during the period under review as compared with the same period last year, attributable to the strong demand of the USA market in the first six months of the financial year, however the performance was dampened by the lackluster performance of the European markets, particularly by Germany, whose sales turnover fell by HK\$6.3 million as compared with the previous corresponding period.

Cost control remains a critical facet of the division's operations. Materials and production costs reduction target were set up with strict responsibility and accountability system imposed, the actual achievement of the targets were closely monitored on a monthly basis and this began to show results. Despite substantial rise in the materials price and inflation, the division maintains a similar level of profit margin to that of the corresponding period last year.

The division reported a segment trading profit of HK\$4,436,000 for the six months ended 30 September 2005. The segment trading result represents a reduction of HK\$600,000 as compared with the same period last year.

Lighting Products Business

The lighting products division reported a turnover of HK\$9.3 million in the six months ended 30 September 2005. The result represents a decrease of HK\$1.3 million or 12.6% as compared with the same period last year.

The division makes its sales predominantly to European markets, which have shown sign of slow down in their economy since the early part of this year. Orders were slower than expected, as customers were more cautious in their ordering of new stock and would take time to complete their de-stocking process. However it was noted that the orders position was much improved in the third quarter of this year and business was back to normal. It is expected that, taking the year as a whole, the division would catch up its sales turnover in par with the previous year.

The division's costs increased in comparison with the same period last year as a result of the increased amortization in investment cost in the Gaoming factory in Foshan and the increase in transportation cost.

As a result of the lower sales turnover and increased operating costs, the division reported a segment trading loss of HK\$677,000 for the six months period ended 30 September 2005 as compared with a segment trading profit of HK\$673,000 in the corresponding period last year.

Trading Business

The trading business mainly engages in the trading of metal in the PRC market. During the period under review, the business was inevitably affected by the PRC government's continuing tightening of macro-economic policy. The division reported a turnover of HK\$17.0 million with a segment trading profit of HK\$227,000 for the six months ended 30 September 2005 as compared with HK\$26.6 million and a trading profit of HK\$183,000 respectively in the same period last year.

The Management looks upon the business as an important source of marketing intelligence to the Group's other business in the PRC market, the Management does not expect the division to make substantial contribution to the Group's bottom-line in the near future.

Electroplating Services Business

Electroplating Services Division forms an integral part of the Group's vertically integrated manufacturing operation and it provides high quality electroplating services to other customers. The division's factory has long been established in its present location. It has been accredited with ISO certification in 2001 and in full compliance with the local government's requirements with respect to environmental conservation. It also established long term relationship with suppliers for the supplying of restricted material such as potassium gold cyanide (氰化亞金鉀) which is an important ingredient for the use in the electroplating process.

The Electroplating Services Division recorded a turnover of HK\$9.3 million in the six months ended 30 September 2005 as compared with HK\$7.7 million in the same period last year. In the light of higher sales turnover, the division reported a segment trading profit of HK\$1,868,000 in the period under review as compared with HK\$1,493,000 in the same period last year.

The division leverages its strength on new technology to encounter the severe competition within the electroplating services industry in the PRC. The increased sales turnover was mainly a result of the division's collaboration with customers in research and development of innovated products.

Pharmaceutical Business

The Group acquired 49% in the share capital of Success Start Holdings Limited ("Success Start") on 15 March 2004. Success Start engages in the research and development, production and sales of medical products through Anxi Medicine-Make Co., Limited, Fujian 福建省安溪製藥有限公司 ("Anxi Medicine") and biotechnological medical products through Beijing Xipu Biotechnology Limited 北京璽圃環球生物醫藥技術有限公司 ("Beijing Xipu").

The central government took tight control on healthcare products at the beginning of this year in a bid to ripping out products that are not meeting with the standards stipulated by the State Food and Drug Administration (SFDA). Despite the fact that the "Xi Pu Gluco Guard Yi Dao Ying Yan Su" 「薑團牌利唐康膠囊胰島素營養素」,which is manufactured by Beijing Xipu, meets all the required standards and has been affirmed as to the effectiveness of the use of the product, the sales of Beijing Xipu was inevitably affected by the central government's measure during the period under review.

Anxi Medicine has submitted two medical products, "Cefmetazole Raw Material Medicine"「頭孢米諾原料藥」and "Sterilized Power of Injection"「無菌粉針」for the approval of the SFDA. The approval for the production of the product will be granted in the near future and this would undoubtedly improve the sales performance of Success Start.

For the six months ended 30 September 2005, Success Start recorded a sales turnover of HK\$8.7 million. The amount represents a reduction of HK\$4.2 million as compared with the corresponding period last year. Success Start incurred a loss for the six months ended 30 September 2005, however the terms of acquisition of Success Start as set out in the sales and purchase agreement dated 15 March 2004 stipulates that in the case of any loss incurred by Success Start within five years following the date of the acquisition, the loss will be born by the vendors in proportion to their original shareholdings in Success Start.

Prospects

For the six months ended 30 September 2005, the Group has rationalized its activities and has achieved a reasonable results despite a tough operating environment.

In the second half of the year the Group shall continue to leverage on its core competences in vertical integration in manufacturing, quality control, design, research and development, sales and marketing and the leading position in the clock industry with a view to enhancing sales, while redoubling its efforts in cost control in order to improve cost effectiveness and price competitiveness.

The Group has planned to develop a new series of Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) products with fashionable designs and materials targeting at the European markets and the mass markets in the U.S.A. This should bring the Group's sales turnover to a new level with wider market penetration.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 30 September 2005, the Group had total outstanding debts and finance lease obligations of HK\$31,920,000 (31 March 2005: HK\$32,392,000), of which HK\$22,441,000 (31 March 2005: HK\$24,575,000) was secured bank loans, HK\$7,905,000 (31 March 2005: HK\$6,589,000) was secured overdrafts, HK\$944,000 (31 March 2005: HK\$259,000) was unsecured other loans and HK\$630,000 (31 March 2005: HK\$969,000) was obligations under finance leases. The amount repayable within one year accounted for 96.9% (31 March

2005: 80.0%) of the total borrowings as at 30 September 2005. The maturity profile of the Group's total borrowings as at 30 September 2005 is analysed as follows:

	As at	As at
	30 September 2005	31 March 2005
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Within one year	96.9%	80.0%
In the second year	1.9%	19.5%
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	1.2%	0.5%
Beyond five years	_	_
Total	100.0%	100.0%

Our gearing ratio was at a healthy level of 0.5% (31 March 2005: 3.3%). The computation is based on long-term borrowings of the Group divided by shareholder's fund as at 30 September 2005.

The Group's sound financial position will provide us with good financial capacity to either expand our existing operation or to diversify into other strategic growth business.

Charges on Group's Assets

As at 30 September 2005, certain of the Group's leasehold land and buildings and plant and machinery, and financial assets at fair value through profit and loss of HK\$2,311,000 (31 March 2005: HK\$2,311,000), were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

Foreign Exchange Exposure

The Group mainly earns revenue and incurs costs in US dollars and Hong Kong dollars. Foreign exchange exposure of the Group is minimal so long as the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region's policy to link the Hong Kong dollars to the US dollars remains in effect.

Since the Group's principal manufacturing operations are in the PRC and most of the operating expenses are denominated in Renminbi ("RMB"), the management is aware of possible exchange rate exposure. As a hedging strategy, the management emphasizes on using RMB borrowings to finance the Group's PRC operation and capital expenditure.

Treasury Policies

The Group generally finances its operation with internal generated resources and banking and credit facilities provided by banks in Hong Kong, the PRC and the UK. All borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, the US dollars, RMB and British pounds. Borrowing methods used by the Group mainly include trust receipt loans, overdrafts facilities, invoice financing and bank loans. The interest rates of most of these borrowings are fixed by reference to the Hong Kong Dollar Prime Rate or foreign currency's Trade Finance Rates.

Contingent Liabilities

As at 30 September 2005, the Group did not have contingent liabilities (2004: nil).

Capital Commitments

At 30 September 2005, the Group has capital expenditure of about HK\$303,000 (2004: HK\$915,000) in respect of the acquisition of plant and equipment authorised but not contracted for.

Interim Dividend

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the six months ended 30 September 2005 (2004: nil).

Employees

As at 30 September 2005, the Group had 2,019 employees (2004: 2,248) spreading among Hong Kong, the PRC, the US, Germany and the UK. Industrial relationship has been well maintained.

The Group has adopted an extensive training policy for its employees. It has also sponsored senior executives for higher education programs.

The Group has adopted a share option scheme whereby certain employees of the Group may be granted options to acquire shares of the Company.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

As at 30 September 2005, the interests of the directors of the Company in the shares of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies were as follows:

Long positions

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

Name	Capacity	Number of issued shares held	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
Mr. LIANG Jin You	Held by controlled corporation (note 1)	119,184,300	45.41%
Mr. LIN Dong Hong	Held by controlled corporation (note 2)	11,393,410	4.34%

Notes:

- 119,184,300 shares are owned by Golden Glory Group Limited, which is a company incorporated
 in the British Virgin Islands. The entire issued share capital of Golden Glory Group Limited is
 beneficially owned by General Line International (Holdings) Limited, which is wholly owned by Mr.
 LIANG Jin You.
- 11,393,410 shares are owned by Grand Castle Holdings Limited, which is a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and is wholly owned by Mr. LIN Dong Hong.

Save as disclosed above, none of the other directors, chief executives nor their associates had any interest or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as at 30 September 2005.

SHARE OPTIONS

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 28 August 2003 (the "Scheme"), with expiry date on 27 August 2013, for the purpose of providing incentives to any eligible employee, any director of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any invested entity, any supplier, any customer, any technical, financial and legal professional advisers and any shareholder who has valuable contribution to the Group.

No share options have been granted under the Scheme since its adoption.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the sections of "Directors' Interests in Shares" and "Share Options" above, at no time during the period was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors or chief executives of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or underlying shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate and neither the directors nor the chief executive, nor any of their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the shares of the Company, or had exercised any such right.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 30 September 2005, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO shows that other than the interests disclosed above in respect of certain directors and chief executives, the following shareholders had notified the Company of the relevant interests in the issued share capital of the Company.

Long positions

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

Name of shareholder	Capacity	Number of issued shares held	Percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
Golden Glory Group Limited	Beneficial owner	119,184,300	45.41%
General Line International (Holdings) Limited 廣橋國際(控股)有限公司	Held by controlled corporation (note 1)	119,184,300	45.41%
Mr. LI Feng Shao 李丰韶先生	Beneficial owner	22,841,600	8.71%
Ms. CHIA Kok Chi Annie 謝國姿女士	Beneficial owner	18,682,000	7.12%

Note:

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 September 2005, no persons, other than a director or chief executive of the Company, had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

 ^{119,184,300} shares are owned by Golden Glory Group Limited, which is a company incorporated
in the British Virgin Islands. The entire issued share capital of Golden Glory Group Limited is
beneficially owned by General Line International (Holdings) Limited, which is wholly owned by Mr.
LIANG Jin You.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN A COMPETING BUSINESS

No director had interests in a business and which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group, as defined in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), during the six months ended 30 September 2005.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SHARES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares during the six months ended 30 September 2005.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has complied throughout the six months ended 30 September 2005 with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, except for the following deviations:

Code Provision A.2.1 provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. LIANG Jin You is the chairman of the Company but there is no chief executive officer appointed to the Board. The Company might consider appointing a chief executive officer in the event it could locate appropriate personnel.

Code Provision A.4.1 provides that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The independent non-executive directors of the Company were not appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Company's bye-laws.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the directors. All directors of the Company have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company, that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 September 2005

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company consists of three independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. LO Ming Chi, Charles, Mr. LO Wah Wai and Mr. ORR, Joseph Wai Shing. The audit committee has reviewed with the management the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including the review of the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 September 2005.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The remuneration committee of the Company comprises three independent non-executive directors, Mr. LO Ming Chi, Charles, Mr. LO Wah Wai and Mr. ORR, Joseph Wai Shing. The remuneration committee has adopted terms of the reference, which are in line with the Corporate Governance Code.

PUBLICATION OF INTERIM RESULTS ON THE WEBSITE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE

The Company's interim report containing all the information required by paragraphs 46(1) to 46(9) of Appendix 16 of the Listing Rules will be published on the website of the Stock Exchange in due course.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As at the date of this report, the executive directors of the Company are Mr. LIANG Jin You, Ms. LI Kwo Yuk, Mr. LEUNG Kin Yau, Mr. OU Jian Sheng, Mr. DENG Ju Neng and Mr. LIN Dong Hong. The independent non-executive directors are Mr. LO Ming Chi, Charles, Mr. LO Wah Wai and Mr. ORR, Joseph Wai Shing.

By Order of the Board

Artfield Group Limited

LIANG Jin You

Chairman

Hong Kong, 9 December 2005